

Invigorating

Make and drink a cup of Wright's Celery Tea each night before you go to bed. It will bring refreshing sleep, quiet irritated nerves, correct irregularities of the digestive organs, cleanse the blood of impurities, cure rheumatism. It will give you strength and vigor of body and mind and a clear, healthy complexion.

Wright's Celery Tea

contains all the medicinal properties of fresh celery combined with other natural remedies. 25c. and 50c. a box. At all druggists or sent by mail.

THE WRIGHT MEDICAL CO., Columbus, O.

AN OFFER of Interest to Newspaper Readers.

The Weekly Leader

Will be sent till APRIL 1st, 1902
..FOR ONE DOLLAR..

Those who avail themselves of this offer at once, whether OLD OR NEW SUBSCRIBERS, will receive the paper FIFTEEN MONTHS for the above amount.

The Doings of Congress;
The Inauguration next March of President McKinley, who has just been re-elected to the high office he now holds;
The Progress of the War in the Philippines, and the policy which this country will ultimately adopt in reorganizing the government on the islands;
The Troubles and Disorders Caused by the Boxers in China, awaiting their solution;

All these matters are of special interest to the people of this country, and THE CLEVELAND LEADER, with the splendid facilities it has for gathering the news, will keep its readers thoroughly posted in regard to these, as well as other important occurrences transpiring constantly throughout the world.

Subscribe for the Best Weekly Newspaper in the State of Ohio,

THE CLEVELAND WEEKLY LEADER.

CINCINNATI

Weekly Gazette

A 20-Page Newspaper 50 Cents a Year.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE entered the new year with marks of increased energy in every department, which has been acknowledged by its tens of thousands of readers with the most cordial appreciation. It is unsurpassed for the excellence of its contents, as well as for its low price, being only 50 cents a year, or less than one cent a week. It is the steady aim of the publishers to improve the quality of the Commercial Tribune, and the best that brains can produce or money can buy will be found in its columns at all times. The main features of the paper are:

The News of the World.
The Freshest and Fairest Market Reports.
The Best Articles for the Farm and Home.
Attractive and Useful Reading for Women, Youth, Children.
Trustworthy Political News and Comment.
Choice, Fascinating Stories by the Best Writers.
And Miscellaneous Matter of General Interest.

In short, THE WEEKLY GAZETTE is a first-class, up-to-date newspaper. It has been a favorite family journal for over 100 years. Attractive inducements to agents for 1900 and 1901. Sample copies free on application.

The Daily and Sunday Commercial Tribune stands in the front rank as a GREAT AMERICAN NEWSPAPER.

Address, THE COMMERCIAL TRIBUNE CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Obituary.

Harriet Russell, daughter of Robert and Jane Finley, was born in Wilmington, O., December 29th, 1848, and died at her home January 28th, 1901, aged 52 years and 1 month. She was married to Hugh E. Terrell December 23d, 1873. She was the mother of six children. Three sons and two daughters still survive her, one daughter having died in infancy. She was converted and joined the Methodist Church in New Lexington during a series of meetings by Rev. S. A. Brewster, the winter of 1863, since which time her life has been evidence of a consistent Christian character. Quiet and unassuming in manner, she said but little in regard to her experience in Christian life, but as she so often remarked, "I desire that my every day life shall speak and ever be a living testimony in favor of the Lord I love." She was deeply interested in every department of church work, and always ready to do what she could to advance its interests. In her home she was surely a model wife and mother, and the place made vacant by her sudden call to the home beyond the river can never be filled. While she was not permitted in her closing hours to leave messages of love for the dear ones, yet they know full well her life of anxious thought and care for each one, and her cold, mute lips speak the warning to us all. "Be ye therefore ready, for in such an hour as ye think not the Son of man cometh." The funeral services were conducted Wednesday morning in the M. E. Church by the pastor, Rev. C. C. Pease, assisted by Rev. D. S. Ferguson.

Western Rates Reduced.

Greatly reduced one way rates will be in effect from Chicago via the Wisconsin Central Railway to points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia each Tuesday, commencing February 12th and continue until April 30th.

For detailed information inquire of nearest ticket agent, or address: T. D. Campbell, D. P. A., 42 Carey Building, Cincinnati, O., C. E. Johnson, D. P. A., 621 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa., or J. C. Pond, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

Obituary.

Thomas W. McCoy, son of Thomas and Delilah McCoy, was born October 19th, 1873, and departed this life January 8th, 1901, aged 27 years and 3 months. He was the youngest of a family of six children, four daughters and two sons, and he is the first one from that group to be called to try the realities of an unseen existence. His father died when he was but a few weeks old and his early training was left entirely in the care of his mother. From his childhood to the time of his death he always had a high regard for truth and honesty, and no one can say that Tom knowingly wronged him. His quiet, unassuming ways and genial disposition made him a favorite with all. He was noted for his studious and industrious habits. Through his own exertions he acquired a good education. He taught school several terms and graduated from a college of pharmacy. Though his life was short in years it has been well spent. Deceased was a member of the Presbyterian church. Although he has been stricken down in early manhood, yet his relations and friends have this consolation that he left ample assurance that he is now reaping the rewards of the righteous in that home beyond the tomb.

Pocket Edition of Dr. Humphreys' New Manual.

Its venerable author here gives the result of half a century of professional experience in perfecting his system of medicine. As a guide to those who use his specific, and valuable hints as to diet and care of the sick, this manual of 144 pages is admirably systematized for their needs. The professional touch which pervades every page of the book augments its value. This pocket edition contains a portrait of the author, and the cover is a beautiful half-tone from an original model, and will be sent free, postage prepaid, on request to the Humphreys' Medicine Company, Cor. William & John streets, New York.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as executor in trust for the estate of the late of G. B. Horan. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and creditors will present their claims, duly substantiated, to the undersigned for allowance.

J. FRANK WEAVER, Assignee.

EXPERT HOUSE HUNTERS.

Several Bright Women of New York Make Their Living by Searching for Homes for Others.

There are several bright women in New York who make a good livelihood by finding flats for people. By making it a regular profession they accumulate a knowledge of city houses that is of great value. To none are they more welcome than to nervous mothers and busy housewives who wish to change their residence, but dislike the preliminary necessity of calling at a hundred places in order to find a satisfactory apartment. The most successful representative of this new calling, speaking of her experience, said to-day:

"Real estate agents are peculiarly interested in seeing property, and invariably give rose-colored views to all applicants. Tenants themselves are just as hard to deal with. One will not live on a block where there is a saloon, another must be within a reasonable distance of a good public school, between which and her house there must be no street railway. A third desires a north and south location, and a fourth can live nowhere but in a corner apartment."

"Beyond these are the limitations respecting rent, neighborhood, the proximity of factories and churches, the equipment of the building, the right to keep dogs in the apartment, the number of children and babies in the building, the presence of musicians in the same house or next door."

"I get fairly well paid for my labor and receive from \$1.50 upwards for reports. I make regular commissions from several brokers, especially those who have a fine list of customers. I have two busy seasons corresponding to the moving days in May and October."

MAY BE MADE FOUR YEARS.

Growing Sentiment in Congress to Lengthen the Term of Service of House Members.

There is a growing sentiment in congress in favor of making the terms of the members of the house four years, instead of two as at present. It is contended by many members of the house, who claim to be disinterested, better legislation would be the result from such a change. The house would be more deliberate in its action, the members would be more likely to vote their convictions, and not depend upon the senate to amend much unwise legislation which is pushed through the house in response to the demand of public sentiment.

In discussing this subject, a western member said: "I have seen members tremble in their boots when called upon to vote upon a question pending in the house. Frequently, in deference to public opinion, they were forced to vote against their convictions. The members knew that if they did not bow to the public will they would be turned down at the polls at the next election."

"If a member had four years to serve he would have time enough to justify himself with his constituents, as the wisdom of his action would become apparent. Frequently members vote against their convictions for no other reason than that they do not have time to 'square' themselves with their constituents."

PLANS GREAT KANSAS RANCH.

Frank Rockefeller Said to Be Trying to Add More Land to His Holdings.

It is reported at Wichita that Frank Rockefeller is negotiating for the purchase of 140,000 acres of land in Kiowa and Clark counties, Kan., with a view to stocking it with horses and high-grade cattle, sheep and hogs, especially horses, for which he seeks a profitable future.

The land is along Soldier creek, the fastest running water in the state, and which is fed by a great many springs, numbers of them artesian. At present he owns the land on both sides of the creek for over seven miles, but the area is too small for his plans. He has but few horses on his present ranch, but they have so demonstrated the adaptability of the country for giving bone and wind to their kind that Mr. Rockefeller is anxious to experiment on a larger scale. It is also said that he will experiment with poultry and animals of various kinds, including some of the wild animals of the plains. At present his ranch is stocked with high-grade Hereford cattle and sheep.

OBSERVES THE NEW COMET.

Astronomer at Lick, California, Says It Is Some 80,000,000 Miles Away.

The comet recently discovered by Giovanni Ciacciopoli at Nice, France, in the constellation of Theta has been observed at Lick Observatory, Cal., the last week by Mr. Aitken. It is a faint object of the eleventh magnitude, and therefore requires a telescope of considerable size to observe it. Mr. Aitken has determined the path in which the comet is moving. Its perihelion passage, or time of nearest approach to the sun, occurred on December 1st at a distance of only two per cent. smaller than the earth's distance from the sun. The plane of its orbit makes an angle of 31 degrees with the ecliptic and intersects it in longitude 193 degrees.

The present distance of the comet from the earth is some 80,000,000 miles, and the distance is increasing. The brightness is decreasing so that there is no chance that the object will be visible without a telescope.

Postman's Busy Season.

It is just possible, says the Chicago Record, that the post office clerks are not sorry that Christmas comes but once a year.

Working Overtime.

Eight hours laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at W. R. Smith & Co.'s drug store.

5,000 locust posts for sale. J. W. WATTS, Hillsboro, O.

CAUGHT AT THE CAPITOL SUPPORT FROM THE SOUTH

Latest Intelligence Concerning Important Measures Now Before Congress.

PRESENT ASPECT OF THE SHIPPING BILL.

There is but little probability of an extra session—Work on the More Important Bills Well Advanced—Merits of the Ship Subsidy Measure.

[Special Correspondence.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.

In every short session of congress, about the 1st of February, gossip about an extra session always springs up. This year is no exception to the rule. The Philippine situation and the Cuban constitution are the provoking causes in this case. The president and cabinet are desirous that the required legislation in regard to these subjects should be speedily perfected, and everybody knows that there is not time for it before the 4th of March. Hence the enterprising reporters have jumped to the conclusion that there must be and will be an extra session, but nevertheless it is dollars to doughnuts that there will not be.

Here and there a senator or representative is reported as opining that such a session is probable. But most of the old-timers will have none of it. "It is all newspaper talk," says Representative Payne, of New York, the leader of the house. And the veteran Senator Hoar, when informed by a youthful scribe that there was a great deal of extra session talk in the air, beamed upon him graciously through his spectacles and calmly inquired: "Any more than usual?"

The fact is, that though there is a great deal of unfinished business in both houses, as usual, the work of the session is far more advanced than commonly in the short sessions. To be sure, there are bills aside from the appropriation bills, two or three important measures which the majority desire to pass before congress adjourns, and which are still in the early stages of development. Most prominent among these is the pending shipping bill for the development of a new American merchant marine. According to the custom of the senate, this bill has been taken up and laid aside half a dozen times already this winter, suffering repeated postponements at the request of other interests, but its managers now have cleared the decks for action and announced their intention of keeping at it without yielding to anybody until it is disposed of.

The shipping bill has been greatly misunderstood in many quarters, and has thus encountered much unreasonable opposition, most of which, in the light of better knowledge of the subject, has now been withdrawn. At first a great many thought that the bill was simply intended to give a lot of public money to a few big corporations which are already comfortably supplied with funds, like the American line of steamships, the Pacific Mail company, the Pennsylvania Railroad company, and what Senator Vest alluded to in his recent speech against the bill as that "poor, emaciated, starving corporation, the Standard Oil company." In point of fact the bill grants comparatively very little aid to the larger and richer existing companies. Its chief benefits will go to the owners of low-power freight steamers of large cargo capacity, and to the farmers, miners, metal-workers, merchants, manufacturers and industrial artisans generally, whose business or wages will be greatly enhanced by the new ship-building and commercial activity engendered by the bill.

The democrats in congress are making a dead set against the bill, but their attitude, as viewed from a disinterested outside standpoint, is rather comical. In the first place, a great many democrats all over the country, and including the southern states, are known to be strongly in favor of the bill, which, they say, would enlarge their business, and would be especially advantageous to cotton-growers. This is the position of the most important southern business organ, the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore. Again, it is curious to see the democrats making so much fuss about the expenditure of \$9,000,000 called for by the bill, when they make no such combined opposition to the \$145,000,000 for pensions, the \$70,000,000 for the navy, or the \$50,000,000 for rivers and harbors. Indeed, the democrats from the Mississippi river valley, which is the chief beneficiary of the big river and harbor bill, it is thought may relent a little from their pitiless hostility to the \$9,000,000 shipping bill if they find that unless they do relent their pet \$50,000,000 appropriation may be endangered.

Commander Driggs, executive officer of the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis during the Spanish war, remarked with emphasis the other day, in conversation on the practical merits of the shipping bill, that according to his experience "the actual value of the St. Louis to the navy in the war was more than the total amount of the proposed subsidy during the whole 15 years of its operation." The St. Louis, it will be remembered, is one of the swift steamships of the American line which was used as an auxiliary cruiser in the war. Commander Driggs explained further that if the Spaniards had not known that the St. Louis and her sister ships of the American line were in active service as warships, they would have sent some of their Spanish vessels up to our coast to devastate our seaboard cities according to their original intention; but they were deterred by the consideration that they had no vessels which could cope with such speedy and powerful cruisers as the St. Louis, St. Paul, Yale and Harvard. And yet Senator Vest declared the other day that such auxiliary cruisers, drawn from the merchant marine, would be of no use to the navy or to the country, and that all the talk about them was "a subterfuge" and "a mere glamour."

Most citizens, and most congressmen, will be inclined to think that an ounce of approval from a naval expert is worth a pound of criticism from a political theorist.

A powerful engine can not be run with a weak boiler, and we can't keep up the strain of an active life with a weak stomach; neither can we stop the human machine to make repairs. If the stomach can not digest enough food to keep the body strong, such a preparation as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure should be used. It digests what you eat and it simply can't help but do you good. W. R. Smith & Co., druggists.

Stabler Bros. for Valentines.

The Shipping Bill is Winning Friends Among Southern Business Men.

DEMOCRATS FAVOR SUBSIDY MEASURE.

Petitions in Behalf of the Bill from Many Large Commercial Associations—Great Change in Public Sentiment Has Recently Been Wrought.

[Special Correspondence.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.

The south is rallying to the support of the shipping bill. This fact is likely to prove the pivotal feature of the struggle over the measure. During the debate on Wednesday last news reached the capital that the Savannah board of trade had unanimously adopted resolutions directing its delegates to the coming Brunswick Maritime conference to favor subsidies. Simultaneously with the spread of this intelligence through the capital, it was noticed as a singular coincidence that Senator Clay of Georgia rose and offered amendments to the bill, limiting the period of the subsidy to ten years, and confining it below a maximum of 16 knots' speed, instead of 18, as it stands at present in the amended form of the bill. This, however, does not necessarily indicate a change of heart on the part of Senator Clay, who has been heretofore one of the strongest and most active and uncompromising opponents of the measure.

This is not the first gun from the south, by any means. Petitions in favor of the bill are on file from more than 20 large and important southern associations, including the New Orleans chamber of commerce, the board of trade and produce exchange, the Norfolk board of trade, the Little Rock board of trade, the Alabama state grange, the Tarboro board of trade, the St. Louis merchants' exchange and the Southern Industrial association and the Southern Cotton Spinners' association. In fact, nearly every southern state has furnished an emphatic endorsement of the bill by its leading commercial bodies.

In view of this great and growing sentiment in their own section, it is not surprising that the solid opposition of the southern senators has begun to weaken, as it has, very perceptibly and decidedly. At last, these senators—Moore, Jones, Clay, Reed, and others—declared that they would sign the bill by every means within their power, and a disposition to filibuster was manifest early in the week; but the news which they have heard lately from their constituents seems to have altered their minds as to the advisability of filibustering. Their present disposition seems to be to deliver a certain number of two-hour speeches in the negative, and then to let the republicans go ahead and assume the full responsibility for the legislation. The alternative policy—involving filibustering, the failure of all other measures, and an extra session in consequence—would be a very serious responsibility for the democrats to shoulder, especially if not sustained by the citizens of the southern states.

More than this, it has been ascertained that the shipping bill will receive the votes of a goodly number of democrats—at least six and probably seven or eight in the senate, and ten or a dozen in the house. That the examination and discussion of the measure have effected a great change in public sentiment already is unquestionable, and the change is still going on and spreading.

As soon as the bill passes the senate and gets over to the house it is practically sure to have plain sailing. Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, says that a rule will be reported whereby two days will be set apart for debate upon the measure, and that at the end of that period a final vote will be ordered. In the house the rules of procedure allow of such peremptory closure of debate—in fact, without such closure nothing could be accomplished in such a large and unruly body as the house—but in the senate the liberty of debate is practically untrammelled. Thus it happens that it is much more difficult to force or to hurry a measure through the senate than through the house.

The recent extra session gossip has begun to subside very materially. The senators and representatives generally do not "see the point" of remaining here all the spring to legislate about the Philippines, when the president, as they say, has ample power in the premises to do as he pleases. It is possible that the Spooner measure in relation to this subject may be tackled on as an rider to some appropriation bill, and that congress may let it go at that for the present. As for the Cuban constitution, which has furnished another reason for an extra session, many congressmen are now questioning whether the country will any right to meddle with that instrument. The war was undertaken to free Cuba, and it was expressly and officially declared by this government that we would assume no further control or supervision of the island after its pacification. Many now assert that the pacification has been accomplished, and that the United States therefore, in reality and justice, has nothing to say or to do about the Cuban constitution. This idea has been canvassed in a lively manner in and about the capital during the last day or two, and it appears to be becoming popular. The president is rapidly regaining his wonted health and strength, after nearly a month's tussle with the grip. Other distinguished victims of the distemper are also recovering, and the epidemic seems to have spent its force. This is fortunate for various reasons, but particularly so in view of the fast approaching inauguration ceremonies. There have been inaugurations amid blizzards and zero gales, but an inauguration in the midst of a grip epidemic would be a dismal event indeed. As it is, the preparations for the next 4th of March are on an almost if not quite unprecedented scale, and if the weather is only fairly decent the spectacle will be one of the most brilliant in the history of Washington.

There is always danger in using counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The original is a safe and certain cure for piles. It is a soothing and healing salve for sores and all skin diseases. W. R. Smith & Co., druggists.

Persons who can not take ordinary pills find it a pleasure to take DeWitt's Little Elder Pills. They are the best little liver pills ever made. W. R. Smith & Co., druggists.

Money to loan by S. H. Mackey.

OWES LIFE TO MISS WILSON.

London Wonders If Count Mensdorf Will Wed His Beautiful Rescuer.

People are asking who was the diplomat Miss Muriel Wilson rescued on the train going down to Chatsworth, in England. He is none other than Count Mensdorf, London's most select young man, first secretary of the Austrian embassy and a cousin of the queen.

Miss Muriel, who is beautiful, talented and the best amateur actress of the day, has refused endless offers of marriage, among others one from the present duke of Marlborough, to whom she replied when he made his offer: "I have not got enough money for you. Blenheim needs you to marry a rich heiress."

Miss Muriel is tall and athletic and indulges in fencing and Norwegian exercises, which are so fashionable in society just now. Count Mensdorf is small and light. She was standing on the train platform when Count Mensdorf made a well-nigh fatal rush. In a moment the alert girl saw the step he had made and seized him by the collar and, with the ease of a trained amazon, hauled him up from between the train and the platform. "Will they marry?" people ask.

GIRLS SOLD AT AUCTION.

Five Chinese Maidens Disposed Of to Highest Bidder in San Francisco.

Five Chinese slave girls were sold at public auction in San Francisco's Chinatown the other day, as publicly as though they had been in Canton, where such human slavery is a recognized institution. The girls were the property of Gong Gow, an old Chinaman who has kept for years one of the disreputable dens in Chinatown. He wanted to go back to China, so he advertised the furniture and chattels of his establishment for sale at auction.

When the sale began there was a large crowd. The girls were exhibited and the auctioneer enumerated their good points. They stood stolidly by, as they were used to such proceedings, having been sold in Canton before they were brought here. They fetched fancy prices, as the restriction act is so rigidly enforced now that it is difficult to get pretty Chinese girls into the country.

They sold at from \$1,700 to \$2,500 each, and they were at once removed to the quarters of their new owners, who will begin to draw large revenue from their earnings.

MARKED COIN COMES BACK.

Returns After Twenty-Five Years of Wandering to the Original Owner.

Twenty-five years ago, while working in the blacksmith shop of J. W. Shetter, at Stoughton, Wis., Harvey Hawman, former chief of police of Sioux City, stamped the letters "J. W. S." on his employer's initials, on a half-dollar. This week that same coin, without any doubt, was handed to him over the counter of his fish market in Sioux City, Ia. The coin had been worn smooth by constant handling during the quarter of a century. In that period of time it had perhaps jingled in the pockets of thousands of persons and may have traveled miles across the country and back, only to land finally in the hands of the man who had marked it with letters of an unmistakable character. Never was a man more completely surprised than was Mr. Hawman when he saw the marked coin. In spite of the fact that he had not thought of it since he last saw it, he recognized it at once, and his mind flashed back over the quarter of a century. He proposes to keep it now.

PLANT PECANS.

Agricultural Department Will Seek to Encourage the Industry Among Farmers.

A collection of 15 varieties of pecans has just been made by the director of plant industry of the agricultural department, with a view to encouraging the growth of these nuts more generally. Now almost our entire production of pecans comes from Louisiana and Texas, and from these fields the director has got his finest specimens.

It is the opinion of the director of plant industry that almost any nut known to commerce may be cultivated in some part of our variable climate, and it is his intention to follow this experiment with others.

Education in the United States. There are 244,327 schoolhouses, dormitories and other buildings in the United States devoted to education, and they are valued at \$524,689,255. There are 415,660 teachers—131,793 men and 283,867 women. In 1899 the people of the United States spent \$197,281,903 to educate their children, which is \$2.67 per capita of population and \$3.20 per capita of children of the school age.

Cheerful Confidence Here. There is a marked contrast between the outlook in English and American trade, says the New York Sun. In the one case there is nothing but gloomy apprehension, while in the other there is cheerful confidence.

Landlords in Holland. In Holland no landlord has the power of raising the rent or of evicting a tenant.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bolls, Sores, Felsons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions, Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at W. R. Smith & Co.'s drug store.

24 hours Cincinnati to Jacksonville and New Orleans, Queen & Crescent Route and Southern Ry.

Wife's Story.

A dull, throbbing pain, accompanied by a sense of tenderness and heat low down in the side, with an occasional shooting pain, indicates inflammation. On examination it will be found that the region of pain shows some swelling. This is the first stage of ovaritis, inflammation of the ovary. If the roof of your house leaks, my sister, you have it fixed at once; why not pay the same respect to your own body?

You need not, you ought not to let yourself go, when one of your own sex holds out the helping hand to you, and will advise you without money, and without price. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your symptoms.



MRS. ANNA ASTOR.

son. Her experience in treating female ills is greater than any other living person. Following is a letter from a woman who is thankful for avoiding a terrible operation.

"I was suffering to such an extent from ovarian trouble that my physician thought an operation would be necessary."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound having been recommended to me, I decided to try it. After using several bottles I found that I was cured. My entire system was toned up, and I suffered no more with my ovaries."—MRS. ANNA ASTOR, Troy, Mo.

DON'T BE DUPED

There have been placed upon the market several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition of "Webster's Dictionary." They are being offered under various names at a low price.

By

dry goods dealers, grocers, agents, etc., and in a few instances as a premium for subscriptions to papers.

Announcements of these comparatively

worthless

reprints are very misleading; for instance, they are advertised to be the substantial equivalent of a higher-priced book, when in reality, so far as we know and believe, they are all from A.

Reprint Dictionaries,

phototype copies of a book of over fifty years ago, which in its day was sold for about \$5.00, and which was much superior in paper, print, and binding to these imitations, being then a work of some merit instead of one of no value.

Long Since Obsolete.

The supplement of 10,000 so-called "new words" which some of these books are advertised to contain, was compiled by a gentleman who died over forty years ago, and was published before his death. Other minor additions are probably of more or less value.

The Webster's Unabridged Dictionary published by our house is the only meritorious one of that name familiar to this generation. It contains over 200 pages, with illustrations on nearly every page, and bears our imprint on the title page. It is protected by copyright from cheap imitations.

Valuable as this work is, we have at vast expense published a thoroughly revised successor, known throughout the world as Webster's International Dictionary. As a dictionary lasts a lifetime you should

Get the Best.

Illustrated pamphlet free. Address G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

DRS. K. & K.

The Leading Specialists of America
20 YEARS IN OHIO.
250,000 Cured.

WE CURE STRICTURE

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are troubled with stricture—many unconsciously. They may have a smarting sensation, small, twisting stream, sharp cutting pain, or a burning, itching, charge, difficulty in commencing, weak organs, emissions, and all the symptoms of nervous debility. Don't let doctors experiment on you, by cutting, cauterizing, or using any of the old methods. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT, by the use of our "NEW METHOD TREATMENT," removes the stricture permanently. It can never return. No pain, no suffering, no detention from business by our method. The sexual organs are strengthened, the nerves are invigorated, and the blood of the system is purified.

WE CURE GLEET

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are having their sexual vigor and vitality continually sapped by this disease, no detention from business by our method. The sexual organs are strengthened, the nerves are invigorated, and the blood of the system is purified. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT, by the use of our "NEW METHOD TREATMENT," removes the stricture permanently. It can never return. No pain, no suffering, no detention from business by our method. The sexual organs are strengthened, the nerves are invigorated, and the blood of the system is purified.

CURES GUARANTEED

We treat and cure: EMISSIONS, VAR